Northwest Water Treatment Plant Analysis Listed below are the results of water quality sampling performed from January 1, 2018. to December 31, 2018 Questions and Comments: Contact Glenn Walker, Water Resources Manager, 910-371-3490 or glenn.walker@brunswickcountync.gov **Brunswick County** Range REGULATED ORGANIC CHEMICALS **EPA's MCL** Violation Y/N Source of Contaminant MCLG Amount Detected High % of samples Treatment Technique Average 0.040 ntu ≤ 0.3 ntu N/A Ν Soil Runoff Turbidity Limit of 1.0 ntu Maximum 0.355 ntu Raw Water TOC N/A Average 8.517 ppm 6.1 11.3 Treatment Technique Ν Finish Water TOC N/A Average 3.367 ppm 4.0 2.8 Minimum 45% Remova Naturally Present in the Environment Removal Efficiency Efficiency Total Organic Carbon (TOC) N/A 47% 68% Ν Average 59.2% 6.8 - 8.5 N/A 7.1 - 8.3 N By-Product of Caustic Addition EPA's **Brunswick County** REGULATED INORGANIC CHEMICALS Range EPA's MCL Violation Y/N Source of Contaminant MCLG Amount Detected High Chlorite 1.0 ppm 0.8 ppm Average 0.71 ppm 0.61 0.82 By-Product of Disinfection Chlorine Dioxide 0.8 ppm 0.19 Ν 0.8 ppm Average 0.12 ppm 0.00 Water Additive Used to Control Microbes Average 0.58 ppm Ν Water Additive which Promotes Strong Teeth Fluoride 4 ppm 4 ppm 0.0 1.1 Orthophosphate 17 ppm N/A Average 1.57 ppm 1.41 2.4 Ν Water Additive Used to Control Corrosion Average Minimum 4 ppm 4 ppm 1.1 3.0 Ν Water Additive Used to Control Microbes 2.81 ppm Monochloramine Disinfectant Residual 2.99 Ν Water Additive Used to Control Microbes 4 ppm Average 2.44 ppm 0.0 EPA's Brunswick County Range UNREGULATED SUBSTANCES EPA's MCL Violation Y/N Source of Contaminant MCLG Amount Detected Purifying Agent in Pharmaceuticals and By-Product 1, 4 Dioxane Non Regulated N/A Average 1.62 ppb 0.51 3.4 Ν of PET Plastic Production Treatment Process, Erosion of Natura Hardness Non Regulated N/A Average 24.1 ppm 19.1 34 Ν Deposits Part of the Treatment Process, Erosion of Natural Non Regulated N/A 0.005 0.15 Ν Iron Average 0.014 ppm Deposits Part of the Treatment Process, Erosion of Natural N/A Manganese Non Regulated Average 0.018 ppm 0.008 0.73 Ν Deposits Free Ammonia Non Regulated N/A Average 0.067 ppm 0.0 0.13 Ν Water Additive Used to Control Microbes Part of the Treatment Process, Erosion of Natural Non Regulated Ν Sodium N/A 20.3 ppm N/A

0.0 oocyst

Brunswick County

Amount Detected

3.62 ppt

14.8 ppt

9.91 ppt

15 ppt

4.67 ppt

8.28 ppt

2.07 ppt

11.7 ppt

1.92 ppt

0.0 0.0

Low

1.73

<2

<2

2.57

<2

3.36

<2

1.58

Range

High

37.1

38

37.7

8.32

14.4

3.63

19.3

3.04

Violation Y/N

Ν

Ν

N

Ν

Ν

Ν

Deposits

Naturally Present in the Environment

Source of Contaminant

By-Product of Chemical Manufacturer

By-Product of Chemical Manufacture

By-Product of Chemical Manufacturer

Northwest WTP monitored for Cryptosporidium in 2017 and did not detect any oocysts in 12 samples taken from our raw water supply. Cryptosporidium is a microbial parasite which is found in surface water throughout the U.S. Although Cryptosporidium can be removed by filtration, the most commonly used filtration methods cannot guarantee 100 percent removal. Our monitoring of the source water indicates the presence of these organisms. Current test methods do not enable us to determine if the organisms are dead or if they are capable of causing disease. The Northwest WTP takes precautions to kill and remove Cryptosporidium oocyst by using Chlorine Dioxide as a pre-oxidant disinfectant in our raw water supply line and then again applying Chlorine Dioxide just prior to filtration. Symptoms of infection include nausea, diarrhea, and abdominal cramps. Most healthy individuals are able to overcome the disease within a few weeks. However, immunocompromised people have more difficulty and are at greater risk of developing severe, life-threatening illness. Immunocompromised individuals are encouraged to consult their doctor regarding appropriate precautions to take to prevent infection. Cryptosporidium must be ingested for it to cause disease, and it may be spread through means other than drinking water.

N/A

FPA's

MCLG

N/A

N/A

N/A

N/A

N/A

N/A

N/A

N/A

EPA's MCL

Non Regulated

CRYPTOSPORIDIUM - Cape Fear River 2017

UNREGULATED PFAS SUBSTANCES

perfluoro-2-propoxypropanoic acid (GenX)

perfluorobutanesulfonic acid (PFBS)

perfluorohexanoic acid (PFHxA)

perfluoroheptanoic acid (PFHpA)

perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA)

perfluorononanoic acid (PFNA)

perfluorodecanoic acid (PFDA)

perfluorohexanesulfonic acid (PFHxS)

perfluorooctanesulfonic acid (PFOS)

HWY 211 Groundwater Treatment Plant Analysis Questions and Comments: Contact Jeremy Sexton, Water Resources Superintendent, 910-454-0512 or jeremy.sexton@brunswickcountync.gov							
UNREGULATED SUBSTANCES							
Turbidity	Non Regulated	N/A	Average 0.11 ntu	0.04	1.4	N	Part of the Treatment Process, Erosion of Natural Deposits
pH	Non Regulated	N/A		6.9	8.2	N	Part of the Treatment Process
CO2	Non Regulated	N/A	7.1 ppm	3.0	14	N	Part of the Treatment Process
Alkalinity	Non Regulated	N/A	40 ppm	24	124	N	Part of the Treatment Process, Erosion of Natural Deposits
Hardness	Non Regulated	N/A	111 ppm	73	189	N	Part of the Treatment Process, Erosion of Natura Deposits
Iron	Non Regulated	N/A	0.02 ppm	0	.18	N	Part of the Treatment Process, Erosion of Natura Deposits
Chloride	Non Regulated	N/A	21 ppm	18	24	N	Part of the Treatment Process, Erosion of Natura Deposits
Free Ammonia	Non Regulated	N/A	0.02 ppm	0	0.11	N	Water Additive Used to Control Microbes
REGULATED INORGANIC CHEMICALS			Brunswick County Amount Detected	Rar Low	nge High	Violation Y/N	Source of Contaminant
Fluoride	4 ppm	4 ppm	0.53 ppm	0.1	1.0	N	Water Additive Used to Promote Strong Teeth
Orthophosphate	17 ppm	N/A	1.4 ppm	0.72	2.2	N	Water Additive Used to Control Corrosion
Total Chlorine	4 ppm	4 ppm	2.8 ppm	1.8	3.4	N	Water Additive Used to Control Microbes
Monochloramine	4 ppm	4 ppm	2.8 ppm	2.7	3.0	N	Water Additive Used to Control Microbes

There were no violations this year.

Distribution System Analysis YOUR DATA HERE